

**FORTIS AD210****1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER**

**Product Name** Fortis AD210  
**Product Code** -  
**Other Names** -  
**Product Use** Sprayable solvent based contact adhesive for polystyrene  
**Supplier Name** Fortis Adhesives and Coatings  
**Address** 177-179 Ordish Road  
Dandenong South VIC 3175  
**Telephone Number** 03 9706 5448  
**Emergency Telephone** 0425 883 566

**2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION****HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE. DANGEROUS GOODS.**

Classified as hazardous according to the criteria of Safe Work Australia.

**Hazards** Xn - Harmful  
F – Flammable

**Risk Phrases** R11 – Highly flammable  
R46 - May cause heritable genetic damage.  
R65 - Harmful: May cause lung damage if swallowed.  
R67 - Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

**Safety Phrases** S2 - Keep out of reach of children.  
S23 - Do not breathe gas/fumes/vapour/spray (appropriate wording to be specified by the manufacturer).  
S24 - Avoid contact with skin.  
S45- In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible).  
S53 - Avoid exposure-obtain special instructions before use.  
S62- If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.

**3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

<b>Ingredient (common name)</b>	<b>CAS Number</b>	<b>Proportion</b>
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-49-0	30-60
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliphatic	64742-89-8	10-30%
n-Hexane	110-54-3	<5%
Ingredients deemed not to be hazardous	Proprietary	To 100%

**4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

<b>Inhalation</b>	If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Seek immediate medical attention.
<b>Ingestion</b>	If swallowed do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Where vomiting occurs naturally have affected person place head below hip level in order to reduce risk of aspiration. Seek immediate medical attention.
<b>Skin</b>	If skin or hair contact occurs, immediately remove contaminated clothing and wash skin and hair thoroughly with soap and plenty of water. Seek medical attention if symptoms occur.
<b>Eyes</b>	If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush the eyes continuously with running water. Continue flushing for several minutes until all contaminants are washed out completely. Seek immediate medical attention.

## 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

<b>Suitable Extinguishing Media</b>	For major fires call the Fire Brigade. Ensure that an escape path is available from any fire. Carbon dioxide, dry chemical and foam.
<b>Hazardous Combustion Products</b>	Oxides of carbon and smoke.
<b>Firefighting Equipment</b>	Wear Safe Work Australia approved self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing.
<b>Unusual Fire or Explosion Hazards</b>	Flammable liquid. May form flammable vapour mixtures with air. Vapour may travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Avoid all ignition sources. Heating can cause expansion or decomposition of the material, which can lead to the containers exploding. If safe to do so, remove containers from the path of fire. Keep containers cool with water spray.
<b>Hazchem Code</b>	3[Y]E

## 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

<b>Spills</b>	In the event of a major spill, prevent spillage from entering drains or water courses. Wear full protective clothing including eye/face protection and impervious elbow-length gloves. Evacuate general area and deny access to unnecessary and unprotected personnel. Extinguish or remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate area of leak or spill. Stop leak if safe to do so and contain spill. Absorb with an inert material (vermiculite, dry sand, earth). Use non-sparking tools to collect the material and place into clearly labeled containers for subsequent disposal.
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## 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

<b>Handling</b>	Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including
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washing hands before eating. Provide adequate ventilation. Highly flammable. Handle and use the material in a well-ventilated area, away from sparks, flames and other ignition sources. Vapour may travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.

**Storage**

Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from sources of ignition, heat, naked flames, sparks and oxidising agents, Keep containers tightly closed when not in use. Protected against physical damage. Inspect regularly for damage or leaks. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Earth or bond all equipment.

See Australian Standards AS1940 - The storage and handling of flammable and combustible liquids.

**8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION****Exposure Standards  
Safe Work Australia)**

**n-Hexane:**  
TWA: 20 ppm /72 mg/m<sup>3</sup>  
STEL: - ppm / - mg/m<sup>3</sup>

**Engineering Controls**

Local exhaust ventilation is recommended when vapours can be released in excess of established airborne exposure limits.

**Respiratory Protection**

If engineering controls are not effective in controlling airborne exposure then an approved respirator or organic vapour cartridge mask should be used. See Australian Standards AS/NZS 1715 and 1716 for more information.

**Eye Protection**

Safety glasses with top and side shields. See Australian Standards AS 1336 and AS/NZS 1337 for more information.

**Skin Protection**

Impervious gloves and suitable protective work wear. See Australian Standards AS 2161 and 2919 and AS/NZS 2210 for more information.

**Hygienic Practices**

Food, beverages and tobacco products should not be stored or consumed where this material is in use. Always wash hands before smoking, eating, drinking or using the toilet. Wash contaminated clothing and other protective equipment before storage or re-use. Provide eyewash fountains and safety showers in close proximity to points of potential exposure.

**9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

<b>Appearance</b>	Thin red or tan liquid
<b>Odour</b>	Hydrocarbon odour
<b>Solubility in Water</b>	Immiscible
<b>Boiling Point</b>	55-98°C
<b>Evaporation Rate (Air=1)</b>	No information available
<b>16.6</b>	34.50 kPa @ 15°C (heptane)
<b>Vapour Density</b>	No information available
<b>Specific Gravity (g/cm<sup>3</sup>)</b>	~ 0.75
<b>Flash Point</b>	< -26° C (isohexane)
<b>Flammable Limit – Lower</b>	1%

Flammable Limit – Upper 7.5%  
Ignition Temperature No information available

## 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability Stable under normal conditions of storage and handling.  
Incompatible Materials Strong oxidizing agents.  
Hazardous Decomposition Products Oxides of carbon.  
Hazardous Polymerization Will not occur  
Conditions to Avoid Heat, open flames or other sources of ignition.

## 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Toxicity**  
**Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliphatic and naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light:**  
 Oral LD<sub>50</sub> (rat) > 2000 mg/kg  
 Dermal LD<sub>50</sub> (rabbit) > 2000 mg/kg  
**Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliphatic and naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light are classified as Mutagen Category 2 by Safe Work Australia.**  
**n-Hexane:**  
 Oral LD<sub>50</sub> (rat) = 28700 mg/kg  
 Inhalation LC<sub>50</sub> (rat) = 48000 ppm /4 hour  
 May cause impaired fertility. Harmful by inhalation. Irritant. May cause CNS depression. Prolonged exposure may cause serious health damage.

**Routes of Exposure** Inhalation, ingestion, eye and skin

**Acute Health Effects**  
 Inhalation: May irritate the mucous membranes of the respiratory tract (airways). May cause respiratory sensitization in sensitive individuals, producing asthma-like symptoms. Breathing in vapour can result in headaches, dizziness and possible nausea. Breathing in high concentrations can produce central nervous system depression, which can lead to loss of co-ordination, impaired judgment and if exposure is prolonged, unconsciousness.  
 Ingestion: Swallowing can result in nausea and vomiting. If a large amount is ingested and retained, weakness, dizziness, unconsciousness, convulsions and central nervous system depression develops. Upon aspiration into the lungs, chemical pneumonitis may develop.  
 Eye: Causes eye irritation.  
 Skin: Causes skin irritation.

**Chronic Health Effects** Prolonged and repeated skin contact may cause dermatitis due to de-fatting effect.  
 Repeated or prolonged exposure could result in central nervous system disorders.  
 Repeated inhalation or skin exposure to n-hexane has been noted to cause peripheral neuropathy in exposed individuals. Both

	sensory & motor nerve damage has been documented with long term exposures > 500ppm. Cessation of exposure is not immediately followed by improvement & symptoms may even progress for 2-3 months. Final recovery may take more than one year depending on the severity of the intoxication, & may not always be complete.
<b>Existing Conditions</b>	No information available.
<b>Aggravated by Exposure</b>	
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	This product does not contain any chemical listed by IARC.

**12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

<b>Ecotoxicity</b>	Toxic to aquatic organisms. Readily biodegradable. Oxidises rapidly by photo-chemical reactions in air.
<b>Mobility</b>	Floats on water. If product enters soil, it will be highly mobile and may contaminate groundwater. Has the potential to bio-accumulate.

**13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

<b>Disposal methods and containers</b>	Dispose according to applicable local and state government regulations.
<b>Special precautions for landfill or incineration</b>	Please consult your state Land Waste Management Authority for more information

**14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

Classified as a dangerous good according to the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous goods by road or rail.

<b>UN Number</b>	1133
<b>Proper Shipping Name</b>	ADHESIVE (containing flammable liquid)
<b>Dangerous Goods Class</b>	3
<b>Hazchem Code</b>	3[Y]E
<b>Packing Group</b>	II
<b>Special Precautions</b>	Not applicable

**15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light, solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aliphatic and n-hexane are listed in the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS).

**Poisons Schedule: 5**

**16. OTHER INFORMATION**

<b>Last Revision of MSDS</b>	Rev 1.1 (17/07/2012)	
<b>Prepared by</b>	MSDS.COM.AU Pty Ltd	<a href="http://www.msds.com.au">www.msds.com.au</a>

**Abbreviations Used**

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer  
NTP: National Toxicology Program (U.S.)  
OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration (U.S.)  
STEL: Short term exposure limit  
TWA: Time weighted average

**Emergency Contacts**

<b>Fortis Adhesives and Coatings</b>	<b>03 9706 5448</b>
<b>Fortis Adhesives and Coatings – Emergency Number</b>	<b>0425 883 566</b>
<b>Police and Fire Brigade</b>	<b>000</b>
<b>Poisons Information Centre</b>	<b>13 11 26</b>

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Please read instructions / label before using product.

This MSDS is prepared in accord with the Safe Work Australia document "National Code of Practice for the Preparation of Material Safety Data Sheets" 2nd Edition [NOHSC:2011(2003)]